July 22, 2015

Thomas H. Boyd
Direct Dial: (612) 604-6505

Direct Fax: (612) 604-6805 tboyd@winthrop.com

VIA CM/ECF

Michael E. Gans, Esq. United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit U.S. Courthouse, Rm. 24.329 111 South Tenth Street St. Louis, MO 63102

Re: State of North Dakota, et al. v. Beverly Heydinger, et al.

Case Nos.: 14-2156 and 14-2251

Dear Mr. Gans:

I write on behalf of Appellees to respond to Appellants' recent Rule 28(j) submission of the Tenth Circuit's opinion in *Energy and Environment Legal Institute v. Epel*, No. 14-1216 (filed July 13, 2015). Appellants' reliance on this opinion is misplaced for several reasons.

First, the statute in *Epel* is materially different from the statute at issue here. *Epel* involves a renewable portfolio statute requiring Colorado utilities to increase resource portfolio diversification by using more renewable energy sources. The Colorado statute does not prohibit power generated from other sources or any particular transactions. In contrast, the Minnesota statute provides that "no person shall . . . import or commit to import from outside the state power from a new large energy facility" or to "enter into a new long-term power purchase agreement. . . ." Minn. Stat. § 216H.03, subds. 3(2)-(3).

Second, in *Epel*, the parties challenging the Colorado statute developed no record of the Colorado statute adversely affecting the regional power market. In contrast, Appellees submitted substantial, unrebutted evidence from market participants and experts establishing the adverse effects Minnesota's statute has on member-owned cooperatives located in other states servicing multi-state memberships. Appellees' Br. pp. 14-20; Appellees' Reply pp. 3-6.

Third, in *Epel*, the dormant commerce clause analysis was limited and incomplete due to the circumstances in that case. The court expressly noted its analysis of the dormant commerce clause was limited to the extraterritoriality doctrine and did not address the other two "branches" of the dormant commerce clause. *Epel*, No. 14-1216, p. 6. Further, the Court's analysis failed to address several U.S. Supreme Court decisions and circuit court decisions plainly demonstrating

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the extraterritoriality doctrine applies beyond price control statutes. *See* Appellees' Br. pp. 39-40 (collecting authority).

Finally, Appellants conspicuously ignore the *Epel* court's holding that standing for the dormant commerce clause challenge plainly existed based on allegations that the Colorado statute reduced demand for coal and coal-powered generation in Colorado. *Epel*, at p. 13 n.1. Appellees have done far more to establish standing in this case. Appellees' Br. pp. 14-20 & 27-32.

Very truly yours,

WINTHROP & WEINSTINE, P.A.

s/Thomas H. Boyd

Thomas H. Boyd

THB:ehm 10646250v2

cc: All Counsel of Record via CM/ECF

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UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

State of North Dakota, Industrial Commission of North Dakota, Lignite Energy Council, Basin Electric Power Cooperative, The North American Coal Corporation, Great Northern Properties Limited Partnership, Missouri Basin Municipal Power Agency d/b/a Missouri River Energy Services, Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc. v. Beverly Heydinger, Commissioner and Chair, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, David C. Boyd, Commissioner, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, Nancy Lange, Commissioner and Vice Chair, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, Dan M. Lipschultz, Commissioner, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, Betsy Wergin, Commissioner, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, and Mike Rothman, Commissioner, Minnesota Department of Commerce, each in his or her official capacity

Appeal Nos.: 14-2156 and 14-2251

I hereby certify that on July 22, 2015, I electronically filed the following:

1. Letter to Court responding to Appellants' Rule 28(j) submission of the Tenth Circuit's opinion in *Energy and Environment Legal Institute v. Epel*, No. 14-1216 (filed July 13, 2015)

With the Clerk of the Court for the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit by using the CM/ECF system. I certify that all participants in the case are registered CM/ECF users and that service will be accomplished by the CM/ECF system.

Dated: July 22, 2015 s/Thomas H. Boyd

Wayne Stenehjem

Attorney General of North Dakota

Pro Hac Vice

John A. Knapp

Special Assistant Attorney General Minnesota Bar No. 56789

Thomas H. Boyd

Special Assistant Attorney General Minnesota Bar No. 200517

Brent A. Lorentz

Special Assistant Attorney General Minnesota Bar No. 386865

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Winthrop & Weinstine, P.A. Suite 3500 225 South Sixth Street Minneapolis, MN 55402-4629 612-604-6400

Counsel of Record for Appellees/Cross-Appellants State of North Dakota and Industrial Commission of North Dakota

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